The Regional Hunger and Vulnerability Programme (RHVP)

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Scope of this presentation:

- What is RHVP?
- ☐ Why are we there?
- What do we do?
- ☐ How do we do it?
- ☐ How do we do our policy work?
- ☐ Did we have any success?
- ☐ What lessons learned did we learn?



What is RHVP?

- A regional programme funded by DFID and AUSAID
- Regional hub in Johannesburg, but team of experts from all over the world
- ☐ First phase 2005 2008
- □ Second phase 2008 2010

 Supports policy makers and practitioners concerned with food security, hunger and vulnerability with a special focus on the role of social protection



Why are we there?

- □ Poverty in southern Africa is chronic
- □Therefore, hunger and vulnerability are predictable
- □After two consecutive livelihood crisis in the region, need to start working towards a more predictable response to hunger and vulnerability
- □Humanitarian aid is usually not provided long enough to lift people out of poverty, it saves lives not livelihoods
- □Development and growth efforts are needed, but the poor and vulnerable are usually the last to benefit from growth
- □Social protection is the link between humanitarian aid and economic growth

What do we do? – three mutually reinforcing components

Component one: hunger and vulnerability tools

- ☐ Vulnerability assessment and analysis, technical support to the RVAC and several NVACs, setting up new NVACs
- ☐ Ensuring better collection and utilisation of strategic information on vulnerability through information sharing, harmonisation of assessment and analysis methods and training
- Main Partner: SADC RVAC



What do we do? – three mutually reinforcing components

Component two: hunger and vulnerability skills

- ☐ Design and development of a curriculum for hunger and vulnerability practitioners, with a focus on social protection
- □Various training institution across southern Africa are part of a training database and provide part(s) of the curriculum
- □Administration of a training bursary fund
- ☐ Main Partner: Universities and training Institutes



What do we do? – three mutually reinforcing components

Component three: hunger and vulnerability knowledge ☐ Policy Dialogues for MPs on the role of social protection and social transfers provide a portal and online knowledge and information hub www.wahenda.net ☐ Topical research on cutting edge issues (HIV and AIDS and Social Protection, food prices and Social Protection etc. ☐ Media – training, films, documentaries, newspapers ☐ Main Partner: SADC-PF



How do we do it?

- Work in SADC region and beyond
- Work in partnership at regional and national level
- ☐ Facilitate south-south cooperation sharing of lessons learned across continents
- □ Demand driven policy advice and training on social protection underpinned by a innovative research agenda
- Professional network of experts at its disposal
- □ Raise discussion on controversial issues
- ☐ Publish a variety of materials through wahenga.net



How do we do our policy work?

- □ RHVP aims to facilitate the development of national social protection policies and programmes at scale
- ☐ In phase I: working on collecting evidence now working with the evidence to influence policy
- □ In phase II: focus on MPs and political parties let SP become part of the political agenda
- MoU signed with SADC-PF to support them in organising and delivering a series of regional and national policy dialogue retreat
- ☐ Aimed at speakers of parliament and relevant portfolio committees

Did we have any success?

- ☐ Yes!
- ☐ But, attribution is always a challenge
- □ RHVP has been intimately involved in Lesotho and their policy responses to increased food prices now as part of the election to OAP is increased from R200 to R400
- ☐ In Mozambique, RHVP has an MoU with the Ministry of Social Action to provide policy advise on social protection
- ☐ In Swaziland, RHVP has influenced the decisions amongst the delivery mechanisms of the OAP



Did we have any success?

- ☐ Publication of a series of short films and a synthesis documentary on social transfers and their impact, with an introduction by Arch Bishop Desmond Tutu
- ☐ SADC stronger in VAA work and PMU is the institutional home for channelling RHVP support
- □ In Malawi; created an environment to discuss several issues and hot topics related to social protection policy development



What lessons did we learn?

To influence policy and policy makers one needs to:

- Show how it will win votes and an possibly an election
- Be prepared to pay the sitting allowances
- Start realising that in humanitarian aid and development efforts everything is political
- Work in partnership for effective advocacy
- Ensure that you have the evidence to back-up your statements
- Invest in getting to know the people behind the policy



What lessons did we learn?

Eye openers:

- ☐ The World Bank is a Bank loans important
- ☐ Policy makers are people:
- What drives them? their personal commitment and interests
- Professional background: food security, social policy, economics?
- Level of experience plays a crucial role
- Is their personality based on "beliefs" or on "evidence"?
- □ The double standards from "the West" constant call for more evidence, yet home-grown very expensive welfare systems in place and no questions asked!

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