## A win-win approach: Integrating fish into rice systems in Myanmar



In Myanmar, **rice** provides 66% energy intake A low diet diversity contributes to widespread malnutrition

of children aged under 5 years are stunted

The Myanmar Government is working to tackle malnutrition

By 2030, Myanmar aims to double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers



The government's strategy is to:

- Expand irrigated agriculture to make 5% more farming land available
- Promote the production of high market value foods like fish

Challenges exist:

- Irrigation systems focused on crop production often harm capture fisheries<sup>3</sup> by disrupting habitats and fish movements
- Current land use policy restricts farmers from converting rice paddy for other uses
- Competition for land and water resources is already **high**

Fisheries provide 15 million people with an income4

Fish contributes 60% of animal protein to diets<sup>5</sup>

A huge opportunity: Growing rice and fish together

## **Experimental trials in the Ayeyarwady Delta**

show that growing fish in rice fields and using best management practices can maintain rice productivity and almost double profitability

due to the fish production<sup>6</sup>





45% land in the Ayeyarwady Delta is considered suitable for rice-fish farming6



of this land area to rice-fish farming would produce:



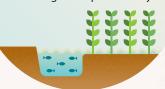
100,000 tons of edible fish and associated micronutrients\*\*



USD 100 million more income per dry season\*\*6

\*Compared to traditional rice farming in neighboring areas

**Designing irrigation** systems for multiple uses -such as integrated rice-fish systems—can reduce negative impacts on fisheries by increasing water productivity4



Adopting rice-fish farming at scale would have diverse benefits:



Less pesticides used in farming



Increased incomes



Sustained or enhanced rice yields



Increased production of fish



Greater availability of nutritious food

In Myanmar, integrating fish into irrigation systems and land use reforms are needed to achieve sustainable, nutritious food production that benefits rural livelihoods and the environment





















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